Project Summary

Course: MTH101

Topic: Rental Market Comparison and Budget Analysis Project

Objective: Students will create a personal budget using the 50/30/20 rule and compare rental markets. They will use their previous work on rental price data to make informed decisions.

Objectives:

- 1. Students will apply the 50/30/20 rule to create a comprehensive personal budget.
- 2. Students will analyze and compare different rental markets.
- 3. Students will utilize their previously gathered rental price data to make informed rental decisions.
- 4. Students will reflect on their budgeting and rental market analysis process to:
 - a. Identify what strategies were most effective in creating their personal budget.
 - b. Evaluate the challenges faced and how they were overcome.
 - c. Assess how their understanding of financial planning and market analysis has evolved.
 - d. Determine areas for further improvement and set personal goals for future financial decisions.

Steps:

1. Budget Calculation:

- List needs (e.g., rent, car payments, groceries, utilities) and wants.
- Apply the 50/30/20 rule: 50% for needs, 30% for wants, and 20% for savings and investing.
- Calculate the budget for needs, wants, and savings.

2. Rental Market Analysis:

- Research expected utility costs.
- Explain choices for dining plans, etc.
- Use preprocessed rental data to compute rent costs for different housing types.
- Decide whether to use the median or mean for analysis and justify the choice.
- Choose a housing type based on the budget.

3. Different Budgets:

- o Prepare monthly budgets for two fixed budgets: \$1200 and \$2000.
- Identify suitable housing options for each budget, assuming utilities cost
 \$200 per month.
- Use mean, median, and mode to determine suitable apartment types and explain the analysis.

4. Reflection Questions:

- Reflect on how calculating mean, median, and mode helped understand rental prices.
- Discuss factors considered and trade-offs made when choosing an apartment.
- Reflect on the importance of budgeting and financial planning.
- Consider how comparison and analysis skills gained can be applied in other areas of life.
- Identify the most beneficial or enjoyable aspects of the project and explain why.

UDL (Universal Design for Learning) Principles

Engag	gement:
	Offer Choices: Students can choose cities and housing types based on personal
	preferences, promoting engagement and motivation.
	Reflective Practice: Reflection questions encourage self-assessment and personal
	connection to the project.
Repre	esentation:
	Multiple Means of Representation: Use of articles, preprocessed data, and
	personal research caters to different learning preferences.
	Clear Instructions: Detailed steps and examples provide clarity, supporting
	comprehension.
Actio	n and Expression:
	Various Mathadas Ctudents emply methametical calculations, conduct received

- □ **Various Methods:** Students apply mathematical calculations, conduct research, and write reflections, catering to diverse ways of demonstrating knowledge.
- □ **Scaffolding:** Structured tasks and guided questions help students build understanding progressively.

By incorporating these UDL principles, the project ensures accessibility, engagement, and effective learning for all students.